

**TB8100** base station

# Specifications Manual



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# Preface

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## Scope of Manual

Welcome to the TB8100 Specifications Manual. This manual provides general, performance and physical specifications for the TB8100 5W, 50W and 100W base station systems.

The 100W PA is not available in all markets. A lower power level is also available if required. Consult your nearest Tait Dealer or Customer Service Organisation for more information.

## Associated Documentation

The following associated documentation is available for this product:

- MBA-00005-**xx** TB8100 Installation and Operation Manual
- MBA-00009-**xx** TB8100 Installation Guide (subset of TB8100 Installation and Operation Manual)
- MB8100-00-00-812 TB8100 Service Manual
- MBA-00010-**xx** TB8100 Service Kit User's Manual
- MB8100-80-00-806 TB8100 Alarm Center User's Manual
- MBA-00011-**xx** TB8100 Calibration Kit User's Manual

The characters **xx** represent the issue number of the documentation.

Technical notes are published from time to time to describe applications for Tait products, to provide technical details not included in manuals, and to offer solutions for any problems that arise.

All available product documentation is provided on the Product CD supplied with the base station. Updates may also be published on the Tait Technical Support website (<http://support.taitworld.com>).

## Publication Record

Issue	Publication Date	Description
1	June 2003	first release
2	July 2003	minor errors corrected
3	March 2004	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ System Specifications chapter added</li> <li>■ Reciter and PMU Specifications updated</li> <li>■ minor errors corrected</li> </ul>
4	June 2004	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ specifications added for 24VDC and 48VDC PMU, and for B and C bands<sup>a</sup></li> <li>■ manual product code changed</li> </ul>
5	December 2004	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ specifications added for K-band equipment<sup>a</sup></li> <li>■ System and Reciter Specifications updated</li> </ul>
6	March 2005	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ specifications added for L-band equipment and 12V PA</li> <li>■ System and Reciter Specifications updated</li> </ul>
7	June 2005	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ corrections to K and L-band frequencies<sup>a</sup></li> <li>■ Reciter and PMU Specifications updated</li> </ul>
8	December 2005	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ System and Reciter Specifications updated</li> <li>■ minor corrections and additions</li> </ul>
9	April 2006	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ Reciter Specifications updated</li> <li>■ Appendix A added</li> </ul>
10	September 2006	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ specifications added for H4 band (380MHz to 420MHz)</li> <li>■ PMU battery protection startup voltage limits changed</li> <li>■ MTBF specification updated</li> <li>■ Reciter Specifications updated as follows:                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>■ operating voltage specification updated</li> <li>■ specifications added for FM quieting</li> </ul> </li> </ul>

a. Refer to ["Identifying the Reciter" on page 20](#) and ["Identifying the PA" on page 38](#) for the actual frequency coverage in these bands.

# 1 System Specifications

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## **Important**

The product Release Notes contain known issues or limitations which describe how the performance of the base station varies from the specifications published in this manual. You should always refer to the latest issue of the Release Notes for any known variations from these specifications.

This chapter provides specifications pertaining to the TB8100 base station system. You will find the specifications for individual modules in separate chapters in this manual.

The performance figures given in the power and current consumption specifications are typical figures based on using the equipment listed in the tables below.

### **AC and 12VDC Test Equipment**

<b>Module</b>	<b>Description</b>
reciter	mid-band UHF (H2 band) reciter with isolated system interface board; the test frequency was 475MHz
PA	5W, 50W or 100W PA, as stated in the appropriate specifications
PMU	AC and DC PMU (12V DC module) fitted with a standby power supply card and an auxiliary power supply board
control panel	standard control panel, unless stated otherwise

### **24VDC and 48VDC Test Equipment**

<b>Module</b>	<b>Description</b>
reciter	mid-band UHF (H2 band) reciter with standard system interface board; the test frequency was 460.5MHz
PA	5W, 50W or 100W PA, as stated in the appropriate specifications
PMU - 24VDC tests	AC and DC PMU (24V DC module) fitted with a standby power supply card and an auxiliary power supply board
PMU - 48VDC tests	AC and DC PMU (48V DC module) fitted with a standby power supply card and an auxiliary power supply board
control panel	standard control panel, unless stated otherwise

AC measurements were made using a Voltech PM100 power analyser. High power DC measurements were made using an HP 6032A DC power supply. All measurements for Power Save modes were made using a Tektronix TM502A current probe.



**Note** For AC power measurements the voltage, current drawn, volt.amp product, and true power are given. True power is equal to the volt.amp product multiplied by the power factor.

## AC Input

### Transmit Power and Current Consumption - 240VAC Input

	<b>A</b>	<b>VA</b>	<b>W</b>
5W BSS			
Minimum RF Output Power (1W)	480mA	115VA	30W
Maximum RF Output Power (5W)	490mA	118VA	41W
50W BSS			
Minimum RF Output Power (5W)	550mA	133VA	66W
50% RF Output Power (25W)	650mA	155VA	102W
Maximum RF Output Power (50W)	740mA	177VA	132W
100W BSS			
Minimum RF Output Power (10W)	640mA	154VA	100W
50% RF Output Power (50W)	870mA	209VA	171W
Maximum RF Output Power (100W)	1.1A	262VA	230W

### Transmit Power and Current Consumption - 110VAC Input

	<b>A</b>	<b>VA</b>	<b>W</b>
5W BSS			
Minimum RF Output Power (1W)	350mA	39VA	30W
Maximum RF Output Power (5W)	430mA	47VA	39W
50W BSS			
Minimum RF Output Power (5W)	650mA	72VA	67W
50% RF Output Power (25W)	990mA	109VA	105W
Maximum RF Output Power (50W)	1.3A	138VA	136W
100W BSS			
Minimum RF Output Power (10W)	960mA	106VA	103W
50% RF Output Power (50W)	1.6A	178VA	176W
Maximum RF Output Power (100W)	2.2A	239VA	237W



## Transmit Power and Current Consumption - AC Input Voltage Extremes

	A	VA	W
5W BSS (at 5W RF output power)			
85VAC	530mA	45VA	42W
264VAC	540mA	142VA	40W
50W BSS (at 50W RF output power)			
85VAC	1.6A	139VA	138W
264VAC	730mA	194VA	131W
100W BSS (at 100W RF output power)			
85VAC	2.9A	243VA	242W
264VAC	1.0A	274VA	229W

## Receive Power and Current Consumption

The specifications in this section refer to a BSS operating in receive mode with an input voltage of 240VAC.

	A	VA	W
Gate Open, Speaker Off			
Single BSS	475mA	113VA	19W
Dual BSS	500mA	119VA	33W

## 12.5VDC Input

### Transmit Power and Current Consumption - 12.5VDC Input

	PMU		12V PA	
	A	W	A	W
5W BSS				
Minimum RF Output Power (1W)	1.8A	23W	1.3A	16W
Maximum RF Output Power (5W)	2.6A	32W	2.0A	25W
50W BSS				
Minimum RF Output Power (5W)	4.6A	58W	3.8A	41W
50% RF Output Power (25W)	7.6A	95W	6.7A	76W
Maximum RF Output Power (50W)	10A	125W	9.2A	107W
100W BSS				
Minimum RF Output Power (10W)	8.0A	100W	—	—
50% RF Output Power (50W)	14.0A	175W	—	—
Maximum RF Output Power (100W)	19.2A	240W	—	—

### Transmit Power and Current Consumption - DC Input Voltage Extremes

	PMU		12V PA	
	A	W	A	W
5W BSS (at 5W RF output power)				
10.5VDC	2.9A	30W	2.3A	24W
15.5VDC	2.1A	33W	1.6A	25W
50W BSS (at 50W RF output power)				
10.5VDC	11.7A	123W	10.5A	110W
15.5VDC	8.3A	128W	6.8A	105W
100W BSS (at 100W RF output power)				
10.5VDC	21.7A	228W	—	—
15.5VDC	15.0A	232W	—	—

## Receive Power and Current Consumption

The specifications in this section refer to a BSS operating in receive mode with an input voltage of 12.5VDC.

Note: The Power Save control panel does not shut down in Sleep and Deep Sleep modes if the reciter is fitted with a TaitNet RS-232 system interface board (TBA10L0). This will increase the base station's power consumption by approximately 100mW.

Note: If the reciter is fitted with a TaitNet Ethernet system interface board, the base station's power consumption will increase by approximately 1W.

	PMU		12V PA	
	A	W	A	W
Normal Mode, No Power Save <sup>a</sup>				
Full Speaker Audio	1.1A	13.9W	0.8A	10W
Gate Open, Speaker Off	1.0A	12.5W	0.7A	8.8W
a. with standard control panel				
Normal Mode, 20ms Receiver Cycling, 20ms Transmit Key Time				
Gate Closed, Standard Control Panel	745mA	9.3W	575mA	7.2W
Power Save Control Panel	720mA	9.0W	550mA	6.9W
Sleep Mode, 200ms Receiver Cycling <sup>b</sup>				
	400mA	5.0W	340mA	4.3W
b. with Power Save control panel, and standby power supply card fitted to PMU				
Deep Sleep Mode <sup>c,d</sup>				
200ms Receiver Cycling	160mA	2.0W	120mA	1.5W
500ms Receiver Cycling	122mA	1.52W	82mA	1.02W
1s Receiver Cycling	109mA	1.36W	70mA	870mW
5s Receiver Cycling	98mA	1.23W	60mA	750mW
c. with Power Save control panel, and standby power supply card fitted to PMU				
d. power consumption in the 12V PA is calculated as approx. 720mW + (30mW x the number of sniffs in 5 seconds); refer to "Power Saving Timing Values" on page 16 for more information on the Rx sniff period				

## 24VDC Input

### Transmit Power and Current Consumption - 24VDC Input

	A	W
5W BSS		
Minimum RF Output Power (1W)	1.0A	24W
Maximum RF Output Power (5W)	1.3A	31W
50W BSS		
Minimum RF Output Power (5W)	2.5A	60W
50% RF Output Power (25W)	4.1A	98W
Maximum RF Output Power (50W)	5.4A	130W
100W BSS		
Minimum RF Output Power (10W)	4.0A	96W
50% RF Output Power (50W)	7.4A	178W
Maximum RF Output Power (100W)	10.3A	247W

### Transmit Power and Current Consumption - DC Input Voltage Extremes

	A	W
5W BSS (at 5W RF output power)		
21.0VDC	1.5A	32W
35.6VDC	1.1A	39W
50W BSS (at 50W RF output power)		
21.0VDC	6.1A	128W
35.6VDC	3.8A	135W
100W BSS (at 100W RF output power)		
21.0VDC	11.6A	244W
35.6VDC	7.1A	253W

## Receive Power and Current Consumption

The specifications in this section refer to a BSS operating in receive mode with an input voltage of 24VDC.

Note: The Power Save control panel does not shut down in Sleep and Deep Sleep modes if the reciter is fitted with a TaitNet RS-232 system interface board (TBA10L0). This will increase the base station's power consumption by approximately 100mW.

Note: If the reciter is fitted with a TaitNet Ethernet system interface board, the base station's power consumption will increase by approximately 1W.

	<b>A</b>	<b>W</b>
Normal Mode, No Power Save <sup>a</sup>		
Full Speaker Audio	580mA	13.9W
Gate Open, Speaker Off	530mA	12.7W
a. with standard control panel		
Normal Mode, 20ms Receiver Cycling, 20ms Transmit Key Time		
Gate Closed, Standard Control Panel	375mA	9.0W
Power Save Control Panel	360mA	8.6W
Sleep Mode, 200ms Receiver Cycling <sup>b</sup>		
	200mA	4.8W
b. with Power Save control panel and standby power supply card		
Deep Sleep Mode <sup>c</sup>		
200ms Receiver Cycling	88mA	2.11W
500ms Receiver Cycling	66mA	1.58W
1s Receiver Cycling	61mA	1.46W
5s Receiver Cycling	49mA	1.18W
c. with Power Save control panel and standby power supply card		

## 48VDC Input

### Transmit Power and Current Consumption - 48VDC Input

	A	W
5W BSS		
Minimum RF Output Power (1W)	435mA	21W
Maximum RF Output Power (5W)	610mA	29W
50W BSS		
Minimum RF Output Power (5W)	1.2A	58W
50% RF Output Power (25W)	2.0A	96W
Maximum RF Output Power (50W)	2.6A	125W
100W BSS		
Minimum RF Output Power (10W)	1.9A	91W
50% RF Output Power (50W)	3.6A	173W
Maximum RF Output Power (100W)	4.9A	235W

### Transmit Power and Current Consumption - DC Input Voltage Extremes

	A	W
5W BSS (at 5W RF output power)		
42.0VDC	680mA	29W
69.2VDC	450mA	31W
50W BSS (at 50W RF output power)		
42.0VDC	2.9A	122W
69.2VDC	1.8A	128W
100W BSS (at 100W RF output power)		
42.0VDC	5.6A	235W
69.2VDC	3.6A	247W

## Receive Power and Current Consumption

The specifications in this section refer to a BSS operating in receive mode with an input voltage of 48VDC.

Note: The Power Save control panel does not shut down in Sleep and Deep Sleep modes if the reciter is fitted with a TaitNet RS-232 system interface board (TBA10L0). This will increase the base station's power consumption by approximately 100mW.

Note: If the reciter is fitted with a TaitNet Ethernet system interface board, the base station's power consumption will increase by approximately 1W.

	<b>A</b>	<b>W</b>
Normal Mode, No Power Save <sup>a</sup>		
Full Speaker Audio	265mA	12.7W
Gate Open, Speaker Off	245mA	11.8W
a. with standard control panel		
Normal Mode, 20ms Receiver Cycling, 20ms Transmit Key Time		
Gate Closed, Standard Control Panel	180mA	8.6W
Power Save Control Panel	170mA	8.2W
Sleep Mode, 200ms Receiver Cycling <sup>b</sup>		
	98mA	4.7W
b. with Power Save control panel and standby power supply card		
Deep Sleep Mode <sup>c</sup>		
200ms Receiver Cycling	43mA	2.06W
500ms Receiver Cycling	35mA	1.68W
1s Receiver Cycling	31mA	1.49W
5s Receiver Cycling	24mA	1.15W
c. with Power Save control panel and standby power supply card		

## Power Saving Timing Values

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This section provides the actual timing values for the Power Saving parameters which may be set using the TB8100 Service Kit (Configure > Channel Profiles > Edit channel profile > Power Saving tab).

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### Rx Sniff Period<sup>a</sup>

Rx Cycling $\leq$ 100ms	25ms
Rx Cycling $\geq$ 100ms	50ms

- a. This is the time the receiver takes to power up the relevant receiver circuitry, take measurements to detect the presence (or not) of a carrier signal at the receiver input, then power down the relevant receiver circuitry.
- 

### Sleep and Deep Sleep Tx Keyup Time<sup>b</sup>

Medium (Sleep mode)	20ms
Slow (Deep Sleep mode)	500ms

- b. This is the time it takes the transmitter RF output power to reach 90% of the set maximum, once an active Tx Key input to the system interface board has been detected by the reciter during an Rx sniff period.
- 

### System Response Times

External Key Time	the sum of the following parameters: remaining Rx Off time <sup>c</sup> sniff time relevant Tx keyup time
Internal TTR Time	the sum of the following parameters: remaining Rx Off time <sup>c</sup> sniff time gate threshold time CTCSS decode time relevant Tx keyup time

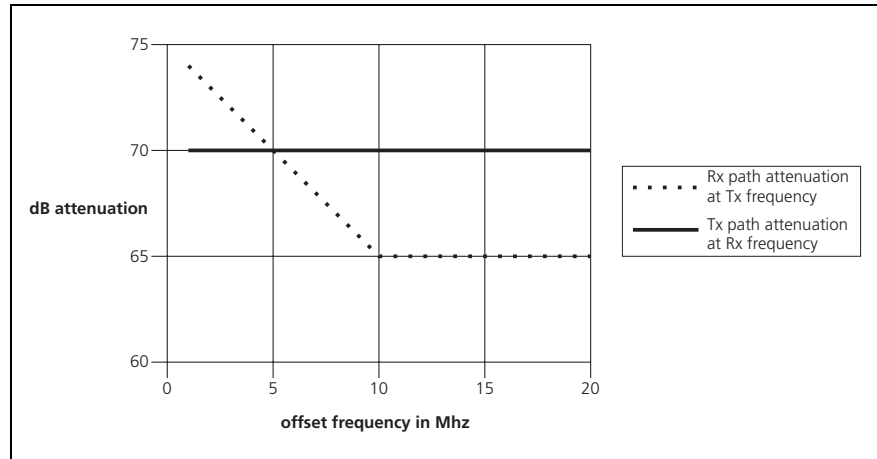
- c. this will vary, depending on when the input is applied during a power saving cycle
-



## Duplexer Attenuation Requirements

The following graph shows the attenuation requirements for duplexers used with the TB8100 base station. The dotted plot represents the attenuation required in the Rx path at the Tx frequency, while the continuous plot shows the attenuation required in the Tx path at the Rx frequency.

A 100W transmitter is assumed. The quoted attenuation will ensure not more than 1 dB receiver desensitization, and has a 5 dB margin built in.



# Miscellaneous

## Dimensions and Weight

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### Dimensions

Height	176.8mm (7in)
Width	482.6mm (19in)
Length	
Subrack Only	385mm (15.2in)
Including Front Panel	410mm (16.1in)

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### Weight

	<b>PMU (AC and DC)</b>	<b>12V PA</b>
Single 5/50W Base Station System	20.6kg (45.4lb)	14.2kg (31.3lb)
Dual 5/50W Base Station System	27.6kg (60.8lb)	21.2kg (46.7lb)
Single 100W Base Station System	21.5kg (47.4lb)	—

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## Isolation

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Coaxial Changeover Relay Isolation	when the base station is used in simplex mode using a single antenna with a coaxial changeover relay, the isolation of this relay must be $\geq 40$ dB
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## Reliability

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MTBF	$\geq 50,000$ hours (estimated)
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## 2 Reciter Specifications



### **Important**

The product Release Notes contain known issues or limitations which describe how the performance of the base station varies from the specifications published in this manual. You should always refer to the latest issue of the Release Notes for any known variations from these specifications.

This chapter provides specifications pertaining to the receiver and exciter circuitry within the reciter module. However, the transmitter RF specifications which pertain to the combination of exciter and power amplifier are given in “[Transmitter RF Section](#)” on page 42.

The performance figures given in these specifications are applicable only to equipment operating as an integral part of a TB8100 base station. These performance figures are minimum figures, unless otherwise indicated (e.g. “typical”), for equipment tuned with the maximum switching range and operating at standard room temperature (+22°C to +28°C [+71.6°F to +82.4°F]) and standard test voltage (28VDC).

Where applicable, the test methods used to obtain these figures are those described in the ANSI/TIA-603-B-2002 and ETSI-EN specifications. This equipment is compatible with F3E and G3E emissions. You can obtain further details of test methods and the conditions which apply for compliance testing in all countries from Tait Electronics Limited.

### **Bandwidth**

The terms “wide bandwidth”, “mid bandwidth” and “narrow bandwidth” used in this and following sections are defined in the following table.

	<b>Channel Spacing</b>	<b>Modulation 100% Deviation</b>	<b>Receiver IF Bandwidth</b>
Narrow Bandwidth (NB)	12.5kHz	±2.5kHz	7.5kHz
Mid Bandwidth <sup>a</sup> (MB)	20kHz	±4kHz	12kHz
Wide Bandwidth (WB)	25kHz	±5.0kHz	15.0kHz

a. Mid bandwidth is available only in H-band reciters (380MHz to 520MHz).

Sensitivity and distortion figures are stated for standard operating conditions which includes audio de-emphasis. Note that the sensitivity, distortion and signal-to-noise figures will be degraded when flat audio is selected.

## Identifying the Reciter

You can identify the model and hardware configuration of a reciter by referring to the product code printed on a label on the rear panel. The meaning of each character in the product code is explained in the table below.



**Note** This explanation of reciter product codes is not intended to suggest that any combination of features is necessarily available in any one reciter. Consult your nearest Tait Dealer or Customer Service Organisation for more information regarding the availability of specific models and options.

Product Code	Description
TBA <u>X</u> XXX-XXXX	4 = reciter 5 = receive-only reciter
TBA4 <u>X</u> XX-XXXX	0 = default
TBA4X <u>XX</u> -XXXX	<b>Frequency Band and Sub-band</b> B2 = 136MHz to 156MHz B3 = 148MHz to 174MHz C1 = 174MHz to 193MHz C2 = 193MHz to 225MHz H1 = 400MHz to 440MHz H2 = 440MHz to 480MHz H3 = 470MHz to 520MHz H4 = 380MHz to 420MHz K4 = 762MHz to 870MHz <sup>a</sup> L1 = 852MHz to 854MHz and 928MHz to 930MHz L2 = 896MHz to 902MHz (receive only) L2 = 927MHz to 941MHz (transmit only)
TBA4XXX- <u>XXX</u> X	<b>System Interface Board</b> 000 = no system interface board fitted 0A0 = standard 0B0 = isolated 0C0 = isolated E & M 0K0 = TaitNet Ethernet 0L1 = TaitNet RS-232 0T1 = TaitNet
TBA4XXX-XXX <u>X</u>	0 = default

- a. The actual frequency coverage in this band is:  
Transmit: 762MHz to 776MHz, and 850MHz to 870MHz  
Receive: 792MHz to 824MHz

## Operational

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Number of Channels	255
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Channel Change Time	300ms
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Supply Voltage	
Operating Voltage	10.8VDC to 32VDC (non-operating survival voltage $\leq$ 36VDC)
Standard Test Voltage	28VDC
Polarity	negative earth
Polarity Protection	Zener diode and thermal resistor

---

Supply Current	
Receiver and Exciter Operating	<330mA at 28VDC

---

Operating Temperature Range	-30°C to +60°C (-22°F to +140°F) ambient temperature <sup>a</sup>
-----------------------------	---

a. ambient temperature is defined as the temperature of the air immediately in front of the control panel

---

## Physical

---

Cooling	convection
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---

Connectors	
RF Input	BNC female
RF Output	SMA female
Recommended SMA Torque	0.9N·m (8lbf·in)
Control and Alarm	16-way IDC male
External Reference Frequency Input	BNC female
DC Input	4-way Micro-Fit 3.0 (Molex) male
Auxiliary DC Input	4-way or 2-way Micro-Fit 3.0 (Molex) male <sup>a</sup>
System	depends on system interface board fitted <sup>a</sup>

a. refer to Installation and Operation Manual

---

Dimensions	
Height	143.6mm (5.7in)
Width	54.6mm (2.1in)
Length	333.3mm (13.1in)

---

Weight	2.1 kg (4.6lb)
--------	----------------

---

## System Interface

---

Refer to the receiver and exciter audio sections for audio specifications.

---

### RSSI Output

Output Impedance	800 $\Omega$
Output Level Range	0.5V to 6V, programmable slope
Accuracy	$\pm 300\text{mV}$
Response Time	$\leq 5\text{ms}$
RF Input Range	-120dBm to -60dBm (0.22 $\mu\text{V}$ to 223.6 $\mu\text{V}$ )

---

### Rx Gate Output

Low Voltage Level	$< 0.4\text{V}$
High Voltage Level	$< 30\text{V}$
Low Level Sink Current	$< 250\text{mA}$
High Level Leakage Current	$< 100\mu\text{A}$

---

### Tx Key Input

Low Input Voltage	$\leq 2\text{V}$
High Input Voltage	$\geq 5\text{V}$
Input Hysteresis	$\cong 3\text{V}$
Input Resistance	$\geq 10\text{k}\Omega$
Maximum External Pull-up Voltage	$\leq 20\text{V}$
Internal Pull-up Voltage	8V

---

### Tx Relay Output

Typical On Voltage	$< 0.4\text{V}$
Maximum On Input Current	$\geq 250\text{mA}$
Maximum Off Voltage	$< 30\text{V}$

---

### Digital Inputs

Guaranteed High Level Threshold	$< 3.5\text{V}$
Guaranteed Low Level Threshold	$> 1.5\text{V}$
Internal Pull-up	+5V
Input Resistance	$\geq 1\text{k}8\Omega$
Maximum External Pull-up Voltage	$\leq 20\text{V}$

---

### Digital Outputs

Low Level	$< 0.4\text{V}$
High Level	$< 30\text{V}$
Low Level Output Current	$< 100\text{mA}$
High Level Current	$< 100\mu\text{A}$

---

### Optocoupler Input (with active current regulator)

Control Current	$> \pm 6\text{mA}$
Control Voltage	$> \pm 10\text{V}$
Control Voltage	$< \pm 60\text{V}$

---

## System Interface (Continued)

---

### Optocoupler Output

Peak Voltage	±350V
Resistance (On)	35Ω
Peak Load Current	±120mA

---

### Line Output - Balanced

Output Level Range	-20dBm to +10dBm
Output Impedance	600Ω
Distortion (at -70dBm signal level)	
De-emphasised	≤2%
Flat	≤4% (NB)
	≤2% (WB)

---

### Line Output - Unbalanced

Output Level Range	0.3V <sub>pp</sub> to 3V <sub>pp</sub> into 10kΩ
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---

### Line Input - Balanced

Input Level Range (60% modulation at 1 kHz)	-20dBm to +10dBm
Impedance	600Ω balanced

---

### Line Input - Unbalanced

Input Level Range	0.3V <sub>pp</sub> to 3V <sub>pp</sub>
Impedance	>10kΩ

---

### Tone On Idle

Outputs Available	balanced and unbalanced line outputs
Output Level Range <sup>b</sup>	-20dBm to 0dBm, relative to the configured line level
Output Frequency Range	700Hz to 3.4kHz

b. the balanced output level can be adjusted separately from the unbalanced output level using the Service Kit.

---

## Receiver RF Section

---

### Frequency Bands

B Band	136MHz to 174MHz
C Band	174MHz to 225MHz
H Band	380MHz to 520MHz
K Band	792MHz to 824MHz
L Band	852MHz to 930MHz

---

### Frequency Sub-bands

B2	136MHz to 156MHz
B3	148MHz to 174MHz
C1	174MHz to 193MHz
C2	193MHz to 225MHz
H1	400MHz to 440MHz
H2	440MHz to 480MHz
H3	470MHz to 520MHz
H4	380MHz to 420MHz
K4	792MHz to 824MHz
L1	852MHz to 854MHz and 928MHz to 930MHz
L2	896MHz to 902MHz

---

Type	triple conversion superheterodyne; first conversion is analogue, second is hybrid, and third is digital
------	---

---

### Frequency Increments

Synthesizer	
B and C Bands	2.5kHz and 3.125kHz
H, K and L Bands	5kHz and 6.25kHz

Fine Tuning <sup>a</sup>	125Hz steps
--------------------------	-------------

a. receiver selectivity may be slightly degraded if fine tuning is used

---

Switching Range	>2% of the centre frequency For example: B Band 3MHz at 150MHz C Band 4MHz at 200MHz H Band 10MHz at 500MHz K Band 792MHz to 824MHz L1 Band 852MHz to 854MHz 928MHz to 930MHz L2 Band 896MHz to 902MHz
-----------------	--

---

Input Load Impedance	50Ω nominal (VSWR <2:1)
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---

RF Input Protection	no degradation after 5 minutes exposure to on-channel signals at +20dBm (2.2V)
---------------------	--

---

Frequency Stability	±0.5ppm -30°C to +60°C (-22°F to +140°F)
---------------------	--

---



## Receiver RF Section (Continued)

---

RSSI	-120dBm to -60dBm (0.22 $\mu$ V to 223.6 $\mu$ V), 0.5V to 6V, programmable slope
------	---

---

### IF Stages - B and C Bands

Frequencies	
Analogue	16.9MHz
Digital	16.9MHz and 0Hz
Analogue IF Bandwidths	
Narrow Bandwidth	9kHz, -3dB
Wide Bandwidth	20kHz, -3dB
Digital IF Bandwidths	
Narrow Bandwidth	8.8kHz, -3dB
Wide Bandwidth	14.0kHz, -3dB

### IF Stages - H, K and L Bands

Frequencies	
Analogue	70.1 MHz
Digital	9.9MHz and 0Hz
Analogue IF Bandwidth	20kHz, -4dB
Digital IF Bandwidths	
Narrow Bandwidth	8.8kHz, -3dB
Mid Bandwidth	12.0kHz, -3dB
Wide Bandwidth	14.0kHz, -3dB

---

### Sensitivity<sup>b,c</sup>

De-emphasised Response	
Centre of Switching Range	<-119dBm (0.25 $\mu$ V) at 25°C
Edge of Switching Range	<-117dBm (0.32 $\mu$ V) at 25°C
Flat Response	
Centre of Switching Range	<-117.5dBm (0.30 $\mu$ V) at 25°C
Edge of Switching Range	<-115.5dBm (0.38 $\mu$ V) at 25°C

b. 12 dB SINAD

c. up to 2 dB degradation at extremes of temperature

---

### Maximum Usable Sensitivity<sup>d,e</sup>

De-emphasised Response	
Centre of Switching Range	<-116dBm (0.35 $\mu$ V) at 25°C (NB)
Edge of Switching Range	<-118dBm (0.28 $\mu$ V) at 25°C (WB)
Edge of Switching Range	<-114dBm (0.45 $\mu$ V) at 25°C (NB)
Edge of Switching Range	<-116dBm (0.35 $\mu$ V) at 25°C (WB)
Flat Response	
Centre of Switching Range	<-112dBm (0.56 $\mu$ V) at 25°C (NB)
Edge of Switching Range	<-116dBm (0.35 $\mu$ V) at 25°C (WB)
Edge of Switching Range	<-110dBm (0.71 $\mu$ V) at 25°C (NB)
Edge of Switching Range	<-114dBm (0.45 $\mu$ V) at 25°C (WB)

d. sensitivity for 20dB SINAD, psophometrically weighted, RF source modulated at 60% deviation with 1kHz

e. up to 2 dB degradation at extremes of temperature

---

## Receiver RF Section (Continued)

### FM Quieting<sup>f</sup>

Narrow Bandwidth	-113 dBm
Wide Bandwidth	-117 dBm

f. 20dB FM quieting, measured with de-emphasis on

### Ultimate Signal-to-Noise Ratio (at -47 dBm)<sup>g</sup>

B, C and H Bands	
Narrow Bandwidth	45 dB (ANSI/TIA)
	50 dB (CEPT - psophometric)
Mid Bandwidth <sup>h</sup>	50 dB (ANSI/TIA)
Wide Bandwidth	55 dB (ANSI/TIA)
K and L Bands	
Narrow Bandwidth	43 dB (ANSI/TIA)
Wide Bandwidth	47 dB (ANSI/TIA)

g. up to 5dB degradation at extremes of switching range and temperature

h. H band only

### Selectivity<sup>i</sup>

	EIA-603	TIA/EIA-603-B	ETSI
B and C Bands			
Narrow Bandwidth	85 dB	50 dB	85 dB
Wide Bandwidth	90 dB	87 dB	—
H Band			
Narrow Bandwidth	85 dB	46 dB	85 dB
Mid Bandwidth	—	—	85 dB
Wide Bandwidth	90 dB	82 dB	—
K and L Bands			
Narrow Bandwidth	79 dB	45 dB	—
Wide Bandwidth	84 dB	75 dB	—

i. up to 5dB degradation at extremes of switching range and temperature

Offset Selectivity (K band wide bandwidth only) >20 dB

Signal Displacement Bandwidth >40% of the rated system deviation

### Spurious Response Attenuation

All Bands Except C Band	≥100 dB (ANSI/TIA) <sup>j</sup> ≥90 dB (ETSI)
C Band	≥95 dB (ANSI/TIA) ≥90 dB (ETSI)

j. AGC switched off in H-band reciter

## Receiver RF Section (Continued)

---

### Intermodulation Response Attenuation<sup>k</sup>

B, C and H Bands	
Narrow Bandwidth	80 dB (ETSI)
Mid Bandwidth <sup>l</sup>	80 dB (ETSI)
Wide Bandwidth	85 dB (ANSI/TIA)
K and L Bands	
Narrow Bandwidth	80 dB (ANSI/TIA)
Wide Bandwidth	85 dB (ANSI/TIA)

k. up to 5 dB degradation at extremes of switching range and temperature

l. H band only

---

### Blocking Rejection

B, C and H Bands	
1–10MHz	100 dB (ETSI)
>10MHz	110 dB (ETSI)
$\pm 1, \pm 2, \pm 5$ and $\pm 10$ MHz	100 dB (ANSI/TIA) <sup>m</sup>
K and L Bands	
1–10MHz	100 dB (ANSI/TIA)
>10MHz	110 dB (ANSI/TIA)
$\pm 1, \pm 2, \pm 5$ and $\pm 10$ MHz	100 dB (ANSI/TIA)

m. AGC switched off in H-band reciter

---

### Co-channel Rejection

Narrow Bandwidth	–8 dB
Mid Bandwidth <sup>n</sup>	–8 dB
Wide Bandwidth	–5 dB

n. H band only

---

Amplitude Characteristic<sup>o</sup>  $\leq 3$  dB (ETSI)

o. RF Input Level –107 dBm to –13 dBm

---

### Spurious Emissions

Conducted	<–90 dBm to 2 GHz
	<–70 dBm 2 GHz to 4 GHz
Radiated	<–57 dBm EIRP to 1 GHz
	<–47 dBm EIRP 1 GHz to 4 GHz

---

## Receiver Audio Section - General

Outputs Available	speaker output via control panel balanced and unbalanced line outputs via system interface board (see <a href="#">"System Interface" on page 22</a> )
-------------------	--

Frequency Response	flat or de-emphasised (750µs) For more information refer to <a href="#">"Frequency Response Diagrams" on page 55</a> .
--------------------	---

### De-emphasised Response

Bandwidth	300Hz to 2.55kHz (NB) 300Hz to 3.4kHz (MB) <sup>a</sup> 300Hz to 3.4kHz (WB)
Response	within +1, -3dB of a -6dB/octave de-emphasis curve (ref. 1 kHz)

a. H band only

Flat Response	Balanced Audio	Unbalanced Audio
	Bandwidth	67 Hz to 2.55 kHz (NB) 67 Hz to 3.4kHz (MB) <sup>b</sup> 67 Hz to 3.4kHz (WB)
Response	within +1, -3dB of output level at 1 kHz	within +1, -1 dB of output level at 1 kHz

### Flat Response - Bypass Audio Path

Bandwidth	2 Hz to 3kHz (NB) 2 Hz to 3kHz (WB)
Response	within +1, -3dB of output level at 1 kHz

### Flat Response - Extended Bypass Audio Path

Bandwidth	2 Hz to 4.5kHz (NB) 2 Hz to 6.5kHz (WB)
Response	within +1, -1 dB of output level at 1 kHz

b. H band only

### Bulk Delay

Receiver <sup>c</sup>	
Audio Filter Selected <sup>d</sup>	≤6ms
Bypass Audio Path	≤2ms
Extended Bypass Audio Path <sup>d</sup>	≤3ms
Talk Through Repeater <sup>e</sup>	≤6ms

c. from antenna to audio output

d. unbalanced audio only

e. from antenna input to antenna output

### Group Delay

Full Flat or Bypass Audio Path	≤40µs <sub>pp</sub> 300Hz to 3.4kHz
Extended Bypass Audio Path	≤40µs <sub>pp</sub> 300Hz to 6.5kHz

## Receiver Audio Section - General (Continued)

---

### Speaker Output (via Control Panel)

Power	0.5W maximum
Speaker Impedance	16Ω nominal
Distortion <sup>f</sup>	≤3% at 1kHz, 0.35W, 16Ω

f. at -70dBm signal level, de-emphasis selected

---

## Receiver Audio Section - CTCSS

---

### High Pass (Subaudible) Filter

Bandwidth	300Hz to 2.55kHz (NB) 300Hz to 3.4kHz (MB) <sup>b</sup> 300Hz to 3.4kHz (WB)
Response	within +1, -3dB of level at 1kHz
Hum and Noise <sup>a</sup>	30dB minimum at 250.3Hz 35dB typical (67Hz to 240Hz)

a. 1kHz at 60% system deviation, CTCSS at 10% system deviation

b. H band only

---

### Tone Detect

Tone Squelch Opening	better than 6dB SINAD 3dB SINAD at 250.3Hz (typical) 4dB SINAD at 100Hz (typical)	
	T800	EIA603
Tone Detect Bandwidth	<hr/>	
Accept (typical)	±2Hz	±1.8%
Reject (typical)	±3Hz	±3%
Response Time (open and close, typical)	≤120ms	≤120ms

---

## Receiver Audio Section - Gating Operation

---

Systems Available	SINAD gating (noise mute) RSSI gating (carrier mute)
-------------------	---

---

### SINAD Gating

Opening Level	8dB to 20dB SINAD
Accuracy	$\pm 3$ dB
RF Hysteresis (programmable)	1.5dB to 6dB
Opening Time	$\leq 20$ ms
Closing Time	$50 \pm 10$ ms

---

### RSSI Gating

Opening Level	-117dBm to -70dBm
Accuracy	$\pm 3$ dB
Hysteresis (programmable)	2dB to 10dB
Opening Time	$\leq 5$ ms
Closing Time	$50 \pm 10$ ms

---

## Exciter RF Section

---

### Frequency Bands

B Band	136MHz to 174MHz
C Band	174MHz to 225MHz
H Band	380MHz to 520MHz
K Band	762MHz to 776MHz and 850MHz to 870MHz
L Band	852MHz to 941 MHz

---

### Frequency Sub-bands

B2	136MHz to 156MHz
B3	148MHz to 174MHz
C1	174MHz to 193MHz
C2	193MHz to 225 MHz
H1	400MHz to 440MHz
H2	440MHz to 480MHz
H3	470MHz to 520MHz
H4	380MHz to 420MHz
K4	762 MHz to 776MHz and 850MHz to 870MHz
L1	852MHz to 854MHz and 928MHz to 930MHz
L2	927MHz to 941 MHz

---

Modulation Type	F3E (FM) G3E (PM)
-----------------	----------------------

---

### Peak Deviation

Narrow Bandwidth	≤2.5kHz
Mid Bandwidth	≤4.0kHz
Wide Bandwidth	≤5.0kHz

Limiting Deviation <sup>a</sup>	≥90% of peak deviation for the configured bandwidth
---------------------------------	---

a. with modulation input driven at a frequency of 1 kHz, and at a level 20dB above the nominal level set in the configuration file in use

---

Nominal Deviation (average) <sup>b</sup>	55% to 65% of peak deviation
--	------------------------------

b. with modulation input driven at the nominal level set in the configuration file in use

---

### Frequency Increments

Synthesizer	
B and C Bands	3.125kHz and 2.5kHz
H, K and L Bands	5kHz and 6.25kHz
Fine Tuning	125Hz steps

---

## Exciter RF Section (Continued)

---

### Switching Range

B and C Bands	8MHz
H Band	10MHz
K Band	762MHz to 776MHz and 850MHz to 870MHz
L1 Band	852MHz to 854MHz and 928MHz to 930MHz
L2 Band	927MHz to 941MHz

---

Output Load Impedance 50 $\Omega$  nominal (VSWR <2:1)

---

Frequency Stability  $\pm 0.5$ ppm  $-30^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+60^{\circ}\text{C}$  ( $-22^{\circ}\text{F}$  to  $+140^{\circ}\text{F}$ )

---

Power Output  $+11\text{dBm} \pm 2\text{dB}$

---

## Exciter Audio Section - Inputs

---

Inputs Available microphone input via control panel  
balanced and unbalanced line inputs via system  
interface board (see ["System Interface"](#) on page 22)

---

### Microphone Input

Input Level Range <sup>a</sup>	80dB SPL to 115dB SPL
Impedance	600 $\Omega$
Compressor	
Attack Time	10ms
Decay Time	800ms
Dynamic Range	35dB
Distortion	$\leq 3\%$

a. 60% modulation at 1 kHz

---



## Exciter Audio Section - Modulation Characteristics

Frequency Response (below limiting) flat or pre-emphasised<sup>a</sup>  
 For more information refer to "Frequency Response Diagrams" on page 55.

a. microphone input via control panel, balanced and unbalanced line inputs via system interface board

### Line and Microphone Inputs

Pre-emphasised Response	
Bandwidth	300Hz to 2.55kHz (NB) 300Hz to 3kHz (MB) <sup>b</sup> 300Hz to 3kHz (WB)
Below Limiting	within +1, -3dB of a 6dB/octave pre-emphasis curve (ref. 1kHz)

Flat Response	Balanced Audio	Unbalanced Audio
	Bandwidth	67Hz to 2.55kHz (NB) 67Hz to 3kHz (MB) <sup>b</sup> 67Hz to 3kHz (WB)
Response	within +1, -3dB of output level at 1kHz	within +1, -1dB of output level at 1kHz

### Flat Response - Bypass Audio Path

Bandwidth	2Hz <sup>c</sup> to 2.5kHz (NB) 2Hz <sup>c</sup> to 2.5kHz (WB)
Response	within +1, -3dB of output level at 1kHz

### Flat Response - Extended Bypass Audio Path

Bandwidth	2Hz to 5.5kHz (NB) 2Hz to 5.5kHz (WB)
Response	within +1, -1dB of output level at 1kHz

b. H band only

c. high pass filter enabled. With the high-pass filter disabled, the LF response extends to DC.

Above Limiting Response	within +1, -2dB of a flat response (ref. 1kHz)
-------------------------	--

Distortion	<2%
------------	-----

### Hum and Noise<sup>a</sup>

Narrow Bandwidth	-50dB typical (ETSI)
Mid Bandwidth <sup>b</sup>	-50dB typical (ETSI)
Wide Bandwidth	-55dB typical, 300Hz to 3kHz (ANSI/TIA)

a. up to 5dB degradation at extremes of switching range and temperature

b. H band only

## Exciter Audio Section - Modulation Characteristics (Continued)

---

### Bulk Delay

Transmitter <sup>c</sup>	
Audio Filter Selected <sup>d</sup>	≤6 ms
Bypass Audio Path <sup>d</sup>	≤2 ms
Extended Bypass Audio Path <sup>d</sup>	≤2 ms
Talk Through Repeater <sup>e</sup>	≤6 ms

c. from audio input to antenna

d. unbalanced audio only

e. from antenna input to antenna output

---

### Group Delay

Full Flat or Bypass Audio Path	≤40 μs <sub>pp</sub> 300 Hz to 3.4 kHz
Extended Bypass Audio Path	≤40 μs <sub>pp</sub> 300 Hz to 5.5 kHz

---

## Exciter Audio Section - CTCSS

---

Standard Tones	all 37 ANSI/TIA group A, B and C tones plus 13 commonly used tones
Frequency Error (from ANSI/TIA tones)	0.08% maximum
Generated Tone Distortion	1.2% maximum
Generated Tone Flatness	flat across 67 Hz to 250.3 Hz to within 1 dB
Modulation Level	adjustable
Modulated Distortion	<5%

---

## External Reference Input

---

Frequencies (one frequency must be specified by the Service Kit)	10 MHz or 12.8 MHz
Lock Range	±50 Hz
Input Level	300 mV <sub>pp</sub> to 5 V <sub>pp</sub>
Input Impedance	≥1 kΩ

---

## Paging

These specifications are based on a TB8100 reciter fitted with a TBA101B paging applications board. For more information on installing and configuring the TBA101B board, refer to TN-1047.

Modulation Format	POCSAG
Channel Spacing	12.5kHz and 25kHz <sup>a</sup>
System Deviation	±90% of full system deviation
Baud Rates	512, 1200, and 2400 <sup>a</sup>
Interface Levels	$V_{HIGH} \geq 1.0V$ $V_{LOW} \leq 0.3V$ 5.6k $\Omega$ minimum internal pull-up to 8V
Operational Modes	paging (via unbalanced interface) voice (via balanced interface)
Frequency Reference	internal and external <sup>a</sup>

a. The TBA101B board can only be used on frequency bands and at power levels which have the appropriate paging compliance. For more information on current TB8100 paging compliances, consult the TB8100 Product Manager, or your nearest Tait Customer Service Organisation.

## Compliance Standards

Where applicable, this equipment has been tested and approved to the following standards.

RF	EN 300 086-2:V1.2.1 EN 300 113-2 (03/2001) AS4295-1995 CFR 47 Parts 15, 22 and 90 RSS-119 Iss 6 HKTA 1002 <sup>a</sup> TS 101 <sup>a</sup> a. H band only
EMC	ETSI EN 301 489 V1.4.1 (2002-08) CFR 47 Part 15 Level B1
Safety	EN 60950-1:2001 ANSI/UL Std. 60950 3rd edition CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-00 3rd edition AS/NZS 60950-1:2003
Environmental	
Low Pressure (altitude)	MIL-STD-810F 500.4 Proc 2
Humidity	IEC60068-2-30
Vibration	MIL-STD-810F 514.5 Proc 1
Shock	MIL-STD-810F 516.5 Proc 1



# 3 Power Amplifier and Transmitter Specifications

---



### **Important**

The product Release Notes contain known issues or limitations which describe how the performance of the base station varies from the specifications published in this manual. You should always refer to the latest issue of the Release Notes for any known variations from these specifications.

This chapter provides specifications pertaining to the power amplifier as a separate module. It also includes a number of transmitter RF specifications which pertain to the combination of power amplifier and exciter.

The performance figures given in these specifications are applicable only to equipment operating as an integral part of a TB8100 base station. These performance figures are minimum figures, unless otherwise indicated, for equipment operating at standard room temperature (+22°C to +28°C [+71.6°F to +82.4°F]) and standard test voltage (28 VDC).

Where applicable, the test methods used to obtain these figures are those described in the ANSI/TIA-603-B-2002 and ETSI-EN specifications. This equipment is compatible with F3E and G3E emissions. You can obtain further details of test methods and the conditions which apply for compliance testing in all countries from Tait Electronics Limited.

### **Bandwidth**

The terms “narrow bandwidth”, “mid bandwidth” and “wide bandwidth” used in this chapter are defined in the following table.

	<b>Channel Spacing</b>	<b>Modulation 100% Deviation</b>	<b>Receiver IF Bandwidth</b>
Narrow Bandwidth	12.5kHz	±2.5kHz	7.5kHz
Mid Bandwidth <sup>a</sup>	20kHz	±4kHz	12kHz
Wide Bandwidth	25kHz	±5kHz	15kHz

a. Mid bandwidth is available only in H-band transmitters (380MHz to 520MHz).

## Identifying the PA

You can identify the model and hardware configuration of a PA by referring to the product code printed on labels on the heatsink and rear of the cover. The meaning of each character in the product code is explained in the table below.



**Note** This explanation of PA product codes is not intended to suggest that any combination of features is necessarily available in any one PA. Consult your nearest Tait Dealer or Customer Service Organisation for more information regarding the availability of specific models and options.

Product Code	Description
TBA <u>X</u> XXX-XXXX	7 = 5W 8 = 50W 9 = 100W
TBA <u>X</u> XX-XXXX	0 = default 1 = 12V PA
TBA <u>XX</u> -XXXX	<b>Frequency Band and Sub-band</b> B1 = 136MHz to 174MHz C0 = 174MHz to 225MHz H0 = 380MHz to 520MHz <sup>a</sup> K2 = 760MHz to 870MHz <sup>b</sup> L0 = 850MHz to 960MHz <sup>c</sup>
TBAXXX- <u>X</u> XXX	0 = default
TBAXXX-XX <u>X</u>	0 = default
TBAXXX-XX <u>XX</u>	0 = default
TBAXXX-XXX <u>X</u>	0 = default

- Only PAs with hardware version 00.02 and later can operate from 380MHz to 520MHz. PAs with hardware version 00.01 and earlier can only operate from 400MHz to 520MHz.
- The actual frequency coverage in this band when used with a K-band TB8100 reciter is 762MHz to 776MHz, and 850MHz to 870MHz.
- The actual frequency coverage in this band when used with an L-band TB8100 reciter is:  
852MHz to 854MHz and 928MHz to 930MHz  
927MHz to 941MHz (transmit only)

## Operational

---

### Supply Voltage - 12V PA

Operating Voltage	10.5VDC $\pm$ 0.25V to 16.8VDC <sup>a</sup>
Standard Test Voltage	12.5VDC
Minimum Turn-on Voltage	12VDC <sup>a</sup>
Polarity	negative earth only
Protection	
Input Voltage	electronic lock-out
Input Voltage Polarity	shunt diode <sup>b</sup>

### Supply Voltage - 28V PA

Operating Voltage	26.5VDC to 29.5VDC
Standard Test Voltage	28VDC
Polarity	negative earth only
Polarity Protection	shunt diode

a. These limits are set in hardware at the factory, and cannot be adjusted by the user.

b. circuit breaker or fuse in external wiring provided by user

### Supply Current - 12V PA<sup>c</sup>

	Maximum	Typical
Standby	200mA	165mA
Transmit		
5W PA at 5W	1.5A	1.2A
50W PA at 50W	10.2A	9.2A

### Supply Current - 28V PA

	Maximum	Typical
Standby	50mA	42mA
Transmit - B, C and H Bands <sup>d</sup>		
5W PA at 5W	600mA	530mA
50W PA at 50W	5A	4.2A
100W PA at 100W	10A	8.3A
Transmit - K and L Bands <sup>d</sup>		
5W PA at 5W <sup>e</sup>	600mA	530mA
50W PA at 50W	5A	4.2A
100W PA at 100W	11A	8.5A

c. measured at 12.5VDC input

d. into a 50 $\Omega$  load

e. 50W model unavailable in L band

### Operating Temperature Range

-30°C to +60°C (-22°F to +140°F) ambient temperature<sup>f</sup>

f. ambient temperature is defined as the temperature of the air at the intake to the cooling fan

---

## Physical

---

Cooling	forced air over heatsink via fan mounted in subrack
---------	---

---

### Connectors - 12V PA

12VDC Input	Phoenix MSTBA2.5HC/2-ST/5.08 male <sup>a</sup>
12VDC Output	4-way Micro-Fit 3.0 (Molex) female
RF Input	SMA female
Recommended SMA Torque	0.9N·m (8lbf·in)
RF Output	N-type female
Control and Alarm	16-way IDC male
Power Saving Control Input	2-way Micro-Fit 3.0 (Molex) male <sup>b</sup>

- a. this is the connector fitted to the PA; the matching connector for the DC input leads is the Phoenix MVSTBR2.5HC/2-ST/5.08 female
- b. this is the connector fitted to the PA; the matching connector for the Power Saving control lead is the 2x1-way Molex 43025-0200/crimp socket 43030-0001 female
- 

### Connectors - 28V PA

28VDC Input	Phoenix MVSTBR2.5HC/2-ST/5.08 female
RF Input	SMA female
RF Output	N-type female
Control and Alarm	16-way IDC male

---

### Dimensions

Height	86mm (3.4in)
Length	350mm (13.8in)
Width	
5W and 50W PAs	144mm (5.7in)
100W PA	177mm (7in)

---

### Weight

5 and 50W PAs	4.9kg (10.8lb)
100W PA	5.8kg (12.8lb)

---



## Power Amplifier RF Section

Frequency Bands	Frequency	5W	50W	100W
B Band	136MHz to 174MHz	✓	✓	✓
C Band	174MHz to 225MHz	✓	✓	✓
H Band	380MHz to 520MHz <sup>a</sup>	✓	✓	✓
K Band	760MHz to 870MHz <sup>b</sup>	✓	✓	✓
L Band	850MHz to 960MHz <sup>b</sup>	✓	—	✓

a. Only PAs with hardware version 00.02 and later can operate from 380MHz to 520MHz. PAs with hardware version 00.01 and earlier can only operate from 400MHz to 520MHz.

b. refer to "Identifying the PA" on page 38 for the actual frequency coverage in these bands when used with a TB8100 reciter

---

Input Power	+11dBm ±2dB
-------------	-------------

---

Output Power	
5W PA	
Rated Power	5W
Range of Adjustment	1W to 5W in 1W steps
50W PA	
Rated Power	50W
Range of Adjustment	5W to 50W in 1W steps
100W PA (28V PA only)	
Rated Power	100W
Range of Adjustment	10W to 100W in 1W steps

---

Output Power Accuracy <sup>c,d</sup>	±0.5dB into a 50Ω load
--------------------------------------	------------------------

c. within normal operating voltages and temperatures

d. measured directly on PA output

---

Duty Cycle <sup>e</sup>	100% at maximum rated output power at +60°C (+140°F) ambient temperature
-------------------------	--

e. measured directly on PA output

---

Input Load Impedance	50Ω nominal (VSWR ≤1.8:1)
----------------------	---------------------------

---

Output Load Impedance	50Ω nominal
-----------------------	-------------

---

Mismatch Capability	
Ruggedness	open and short circuit load at any phase angle 1h <sup>f</sup>
Stability	5:1 load VSWR at all phase angles <sup>f</sup>

f. under power foldback

## Power Amplifier RF Section (Continued)

### Protection

Temperature	power foldback to 10% if RF power devices exceed safe operating conditions
Current	power foldback and shutdown if RF power devices exceed safe operating currents
Supply Voltage	power foldback to 10% when supply voltage is 24V to 26V and 30V to 32V; shutdown when supply voltage is <24V and >32V
VSWR	power foldback to 10% at VSWR extremes; continuous analogue power foldback to maintain 100% duty cycle into mismatched loads

## Transmitter RF Section

The specifications in this section pertain only to the combination of a 5W, 50W or 100W power amplifier with a TB8100 reciter.

### Adjacent Channel Power

Steady State (full deviation)	
Narrow Bandwidth	<-60dBc
Mid <sup>a</sup> and Wide Bandwidth	<-70dBc
Transient (unmodulated)	
Narrow Bandwidth	<-50dBc
Mid <sup>a</sup> and Wide Bandwidth	<-60dBc

a. H band only

Sideband Noise <sup>a</sup>	B, C and H Bands	K and L Bands
±25kHz	<-137dBc/Hz	<-130dBc/Hz
±10MHz	<-160dBc/Hz at 5W <-160dBc/Hz at 50W <-160dBc/Hz at 100W	<-160dBc/Hz at 5W <-158dBc/Hz at 50W <-156dBc/Hz at 100W

a. no modulation, measured from centre frequency

### Hum and Noise

Narrow Bandwidth	-50dB (300Hz to 3kHz [ANSI/TIA])
Mid Bandwidth <sup>b</sup>	-54dB (300Hz to 3kHz [ANSI/TIA])
Wide Bandwidth	-55dB (300Hz to 3kHz [ANSI/TIA])

b. H band only

Intermodulation	-40dBc with interfering signal at -30dBc at PA output
-----------------	---

## Transmitter RF Section (Continued)

---

### Radiated Spurious Emissions

Transmit - B, C and H Bands	<-36dBm to 1GHz <-30dBm 1GHz to 4GHz
Transmit - K Band	<-20dBm to 9GHz
Transmit - L Band	<-20dBm to 10GHz
Standby	<-57dBm to 1GHz <-47dBm 1GHz to 4GHz

---

### Conducted Spurious Emissions

Transmit - B, C and H Bands	<-36dBm to 1GHz <-30dBm 1GHz to 12.75GHz
Transmit - K Band	<-20dBm to 9GHz
Transmit - L Band	<-30dBm to 12.75GHz
Standby	<-57dBm to 1GHz <-47dBm 1GHz to 12.75GHz

---

Transmitter Switching - B, C and H Bands	complies with EN 300 113-1 v1.4.1 and EN 300 113-2 (03/2001)
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---

### Transmit Key Time (with VCO in lock)

Key Up	
5W PA	≤2.5ms
50 and 100W PAs	≤2ms
Key Up Debounce Timer	20ms
Key Down	
5W PA	≤2.5ms
50 and 100W PAs	≤2ms
Key Down Debounce Timer	20ms

---

Continuous Repetitive Key Rate	24Hz maximum
--------------------------------	--------------

---

Lock Time	≤20ms
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---

## Control and Monitoring

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Control Inputs and Outputs	I <sup>2</sup> C data, clock and ground PA key line input fan control output
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### Monitor Outputs (analogue)

Permanently Assigned	forward power reverse power
Selectable (select one)	ambient temperature RF power control voltage

---

## Compliance Standards

---

Where applicable, this equipment has been tested and approved to the following standards.

---

RF	EN 300 086-2:V1.2.1 EN 300 113-2 (03/2001) AS4295-1995 CFR 47 Parts 15, 22 and 90 RSS-119 Iss 6 HKTA 1002 <sup>a</sup> TS 101 <sup>a</sup>
a. H band only	
EMC	ETSI EN 301 489 V1.4.1 (2002-08) CFR 47 Part 15 Level B1
Safety	EN 60950-1:2001 ANSI/UL Std. 60950 3rd edition CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-00 3rd edition AS/NZS 60950-1:2003
Environmental	
Low Pressure (altitude)	MIL-STD-810F 500.4 Proc 2
Humidity	IEC60068-2-30
Vibration	MIL-STD-810F 514.5 Proc 1
Shock	MIL-STD-810F 516.5 Proc 1

---

# 4 Power Management Unit Specifications

---



## **Important**

The product Release Notes contain known issues or limitations which describe how the performance of the base station varies from the specifications published in this manual. You should always refer to the latest issue of the Release Notes for any known variations from these specifications.

This chapter provides specifications pertaining to the power management unit (PMU) as a separate module.

The performance figures given in these specifications are applicable only to equipment operating as an integral part of a TB8100 base station. These performance figures are minimum figures, unless otherwise indicated, for equipment operating at standard room temperature (+22°C to +28°C [+71.6°F to +82.4°F]) and standard test voltages as follows:

- AC module - 230 VAC
- 12V DC module - 12VDC
- 24V DC module - 24VDC
- 48V DC module - 48VDC.

Where applicable, the test methods used to obtain these figures are those described in the ETSI-EN specifications. You can obtain further details of test methods and the conditions which apply for compliance testing in all countries from Tait Electronics Limited.

## Identifying the PMU

You can identify the model and hardware configuration of a PMU by referring to the product code printed on a label on the rear panel. The meaning of each character in the product code is explained in the table below.



**Note** This explanation of PMU product codes is not intended to suggest that any combination of features is necessarily available in any one PMU. Consult your nearest Tait Dealer or Customer Service Organisation for more information regarding the availability of specific models and options.

Product Code	Description
TBA <u>X</u> XXX-XXXX	3 = PMU
TBA3 <u>X</u> XX-XXXX	0 = default
TBA3X <u>X</u> X-XXXX	0 = AC module not fitted A = AC module fitted
TBA3XX <u>X</u> -XXXX	0 = DC module not fitted 1 = 12V DC module fitted 2 = 24V DC module fitted 4 = 48V DC module fitted
TBA3XXX- <u>X</u> XXX	0 = standby power supply card not fitted 1 = 12VDC standby power supply card fitted 2 = 24VDC standby power supply card fitted 4 = 48VDC standby power supply card fitted
TBA3XXX-XX <u>X</u>	0 = auxiliary power supply board not fitted 1 = 12VDC auxiliary power supply board fitted 2 = 24VDC auxiliary power supply board fitted 4 = 48VDC auxiliary power supply board fitted
TBA3XXX-XX <u>X</u>	0 = default
TBA3XXX-XXX <u>X</u>	0 = default

## Operational

---

Operating Temperature Range	-30°C to +60°C (-22°F to +140°F) ambient temperature <sup>a</sup>
-----------------------------	---

a. ambient temperature is defined as the temperature of the air at the intake to the cooling fan

---

### Front Panel LED Indicators

Green - Steady	PMU operating correctly
Green - Flashing	PMU not operating, bootloader in progress
Red - Flashing	one or more alarm conditions present

---

Parameters Monitored by PMU Microprocessor	mains input good signal DC input voltage PA output current and voltage heatsink temperatures of AC and DC modules
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---

## Physical

---

Cooling	forced air over heatsink via fan mounted in subrack
---------	---

---

### Dimensions

Height	143.5mm (5.6in)
Width	121.4mm (4.8in)
Length	
AC PMU	324mm (12.8in)
DC PMU	337mm (13.3in)
AC and DC PMU	337mm (13.3in)

---

### Weight

AC PMU	4.60kg (10.1lb)
DC PMU	4.86kg (10.7lb)
AC and DC PMU	6.40kg (14.1lb)

---

## Connections

---

The following specifications refer to the external wiring and connectors which are connected to the PMU. They do not refer to the wiring and connectors built into the PMU itself.

---

### AC Input

Connector Type	IEC female
Current Rating	8A

---

### DC Input - 12VDC (battery)

Connector Type	M6 screw into threaded fitting on bus bar
Recommended Screw Torque	2–2.25N·m (18–20lbf·in)
Connector Current Rating	50A
Flexible Wire Size	2AWG <sup>a</sup>
Flexible Wire Cross Section	35mm <sup>2</sup> <sup>a</sup>

### DC Input - 24VDC (battery)

Connector Type	M6 screw into threaded fitting on bus bar
Recommended Screw Torque	2–2.25N·m (18–20lbf·in)
Connector Current Rating	25A
Flexible Wire Size	5AWG <sup>a</sup>
Flexible Wire Cross Section	16mm <sup>2</sup> <sup>a</sup>

### DC Input - 48VDC (battery)

Connector Type	M6 screw into threaded fitting on bus bar
Recommended Screw Torque	2–2.25N·m (18–20lbf·in)
Connector Current Rating	12A
Flexible Wire Size	8AWG <sup>a</sup>
Flexible Wire Cross Section	8mm <sup>2</sup> <sup>a</sup>

a. for a length of 1.5m to 2m (5ft to 6.5ft) (typical); the DC input leads should be of a suitable gauge to ensure less than 0.2V drop at maximum load over the required length of lead

---

### DC Output - 28V High Current for PA

Connector Type	Phoenix MVSTBR2.5HC/2-ST/5.08 female
Recommended Screw Torque	0.5N·m (4.5lbf·in)
Connector Current Rating	16A
Flexible Wire Size	11AWG

---

### DC Output - 28V Low Current for Reciter

Connector Type	2x4-way Molex 43025-0800/crimp socket 43030-0001 female
Connector Current Rating	3A
Flexible Wire Size	20AWG

---

### DC Output - Low Current/Battery Charger (from optional auxiliary power supply)

Connector Type	Phoenix MVSTBR2.5HC/2-ST/5.08 female
Recommended Screw Torque	0.5N·m (4.5lbf·in)
Connector Current Rating	3A to 16A
Flexible Wire Size	20AWG to 11AWG

---



## Input - AC Module

---

### Input

Voltage	88VAC to 264VAC
Frequency	45Hz to 65Hz
Power Factor	>0.95
Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)	<8%
Inrush Current	
230VAC	<30A at <4ms
115VAC	<15A at <4ms
Leakage Current	<3.5mA/240VAC

---

### Protection

Fault Current (input)	10A fuse
Transient Suppression	275V MOV (line-to-line)
Overvoltage Inhibit (self-recovering)	275VAC $\pm$ 10V
Undervoltage Signal	83VAC $\pm$ 5V

---

### General

Efficiency at Rated Output (at 220VAC)	86%
Input-to-chassis Isolation	1500VAC, 50Hz, 1 minute
Input-to-output Isolation	3000VAC, 50Hz, 1 minute
Output-to-chassis Isolation	500VAC, 50Hz, 1 minute

---

## Input - DC Module

	12V PMU	24V PMU	48V PMU
Input Voltage			
User-programmable Alarms <sup>a</sup>			
Low Battery Voltage	10V to 14V	20V to 28V	40V to 56V
High Battery Voltage	14V to 17.5V	28V to 35V	56V to 70V
User-programmable Limits <sup>b</sup>			
Startup Voltage (after shutdown)	12V to 15.0V	23.9V to 30V	47.8V to 60V
Shutdown Voltage	10V to 13.5V	20V to 27V	40V to 54V
Battery Protection (Fail-safe) Limits <sup>c</sup>			
Startup Voltage	12V $\pm$ 0.2V	24V $\pm$ 0.5V	48V $\pm$ 1V
Undervoltage Shutdown	9.5V $\pm$ 0.3V	19V $\pm$ 0.5V	38V $\pm$ 1V
Oversvoltage Shutdown	18.1V $\pm$ 0.3V	36.2V $\pm$ 0.5V	72.4V $\pm$ 1V
Oversvoltage Shutdown Reset	17.1V $\pm$ 0.3V	34.2V $\pm$ 0.5V	68.4V $\pm$ 1V

- a. User-programmable alarms can be set for low or high battery voltage, using the Service Kit software. The alarms will be triggered when the set voltage levels are reached. These limits are subject to the tolerances of the battery protection circuitry, as stated in "Battery Protection (Fail-safe) Limits" above.
- b. The user-programmable startup and shutdown limits allow for adjustable startup and shutdown voltages. Using the Service Kit software, these limits can be adjusted for different numbers of battery cells, or for the particular requirements of the base station operation. Once the limits are reached, the PMU will shutdown. These limits are subject to the tolerances of the battery protection circuitry, as stated in "Battery Protection (Fail-safe) Limits" above. This feature is only available if the standby power supply card is fitted.
- c. The battery protection limits are set in hardware at the factory, and cannot be adjusted by the user. These limits will not be reached under normal operation conditions, but are provided as "fail-safe" measures to protect the battery from deep discharge.

	12V PMU	24V PMU	48V PMU
Input Current			
0V to Battery Protection Startup Voltage <sup>d</sup>	2mA maximum	2mA maximum	1.2mA maximum
Battery Protection Startup Voltage to User-programmed Startup Voltage <sup>e</sup>	40mA (typical) at 11.9V	30.1mA (typical) at 23.5V	13.2mA (typical) at 47V
Operating Current	refer to " <a href="#">System Specifications</a> " on page 7		

- d. When the input voltage drops below the battery protection undervoltage shutdown limit, and until the voltage rises above the battery protection startup voltage.
- e. At initial power-up; or, after battery protection has occurred, when the input voltage rises above the battery protection startup voltage (PMU now under control of its microcontroller), but is still below the user-programmed startup voltage.

### Protection

Fault Current (input)	circuit breaker or fuse in external wiring <sup>f</sup>
Wrong Input Voltage	electronic lock-out
Wrong Input Voltage Polarity	shunt diode

- f. provided by user

## Input - DC Module (Continued)

---

### General

Efficiency at Rated Output	
12VDC	82%
24VDC	85%
48VDC	90%
Input-to-output Isolation	1000VAC, 50Hz, 1 minute

---

## Output - AC and DC Modules

---

### High Current Output for PA

Voltage	28V
Current	14A maximum
Regulation	±0.5%
Ripple and Noise (100MHz bandwidth)	50mV pp
Ripple and Noise rms	10mV rms
Transient Response on 28V Loadstep (10% to 100% loadstep)	2% overshoot and recover within 0.6ms

---

### Protection - PA Output

Overload	electronic current limit above 16A
Short Circuit	hiccup mode, self-resetting
Overvoltage	
AC Module	electronic shutdown latch (33.5V)
DC Module	electronic hysteric control (33.5V)

---

### Protection - Rectifier Output

Short Circuit	2.5A self-resetting fuse
---------------	--------------------------

---

## Optional Standby Output - DC Module

### Low Current Output for Reciter

Voltage	28.9V
Current	0.3A maximum
Regulation	±2.5%
Ripple and Noise (100MHz bandwidth)	50mV pp 10mV rms
Ripple and Noise rms	

### Protection

Overload/Short Circuit	electronic current limit
------------------------	--------------------------

### General

Efficiency at Rated Output	86%
Input-to-output Isolation Control	1000VAC, 50Hz, 1 minute shutdown signal (isolated)

## Optional Auxiliary Power Supply

The output from this optional power supply board may also be used to trickle-charge a 12V, 24V or 48V battery.

DC Input Voltage	28V ±15%
------------------	----------

DC Output <sup>a</sup>	12V	24V	48V
Voltage	13.65V	27.3V	54.6V
Current	3A maximum	1.5A maximum	750mA maximum
Regulation	±2%	±2%	±2%
Ripple and Noise (100MHz bandwidth)	50mV pp 10mV rms	50mV pp 10mV rms	50mV pp 10mV rms
Ripple and Noise rms	100mVpp	100mVpp	100mVpp
Zero Load Ripple			

a. also for trickle-charging 12V, 24V or 48V battery

Protection	12V	24V	48V
Overload/Short Circuit	electronic current limit	electronic current limit	electronic current limit
Overvoltage	16V Zener diode	32V Zener diode	62V Zener diode

### General

Efficiency at Rated Output	88%
Input-to-output Isolation	1000VAC, 50Hz, 1 minute
Output-to-chassis Isolation	500VAC, 50Hz, 1 minute

## Compliance Standards

---

Where applicable, this equipment has been tested and approved to the following standards.

---

Safety	EN 60950-1:2001 ANSI/UL Std. 60950 3rd edition CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-00 3rd edition AS/NZS 60950-1:2003
--------	--

---

EMC	ETSI EN 301 489 V1.4.1 (2002-08) CFR 47 Part 15 Level B1
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### Environmental

Low Pressure (altitude)	MIL-STD-810F 500.4 Proc 2
Humidity	IEC60068-2-30
Vibration	MIL-STD-810F 514.5 Proc 1
Shock	MIL-STD-810F 516.5 Proc 1

---

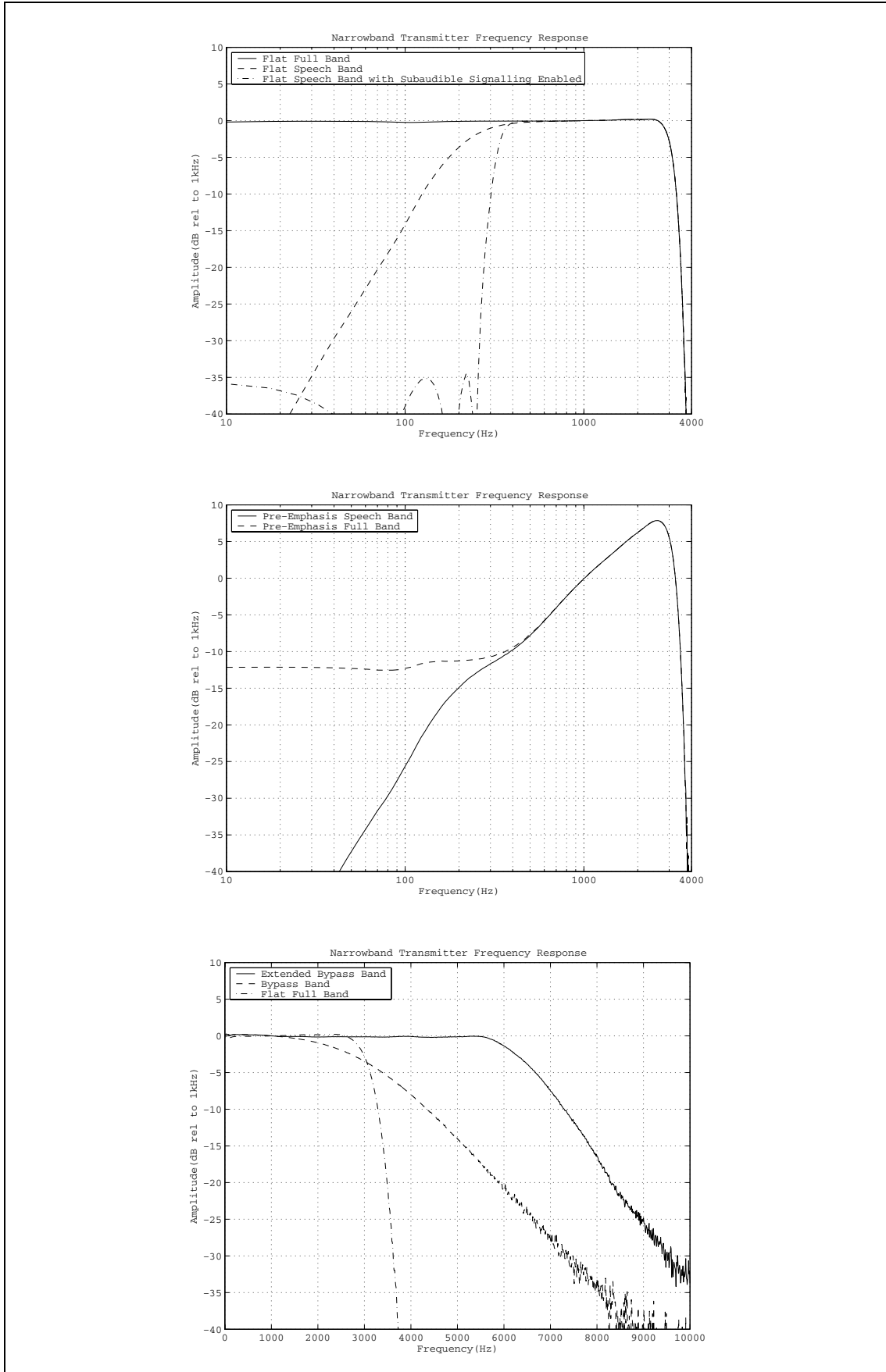


# A Frequency Response Diagrams

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This appendix shows the transmitter and receiver frequency response diagrams.

Figure A.1 Transmitter frequency response – narrow bandwidth





**Figure A.2 Transmitter frequency response – wide bandwidth**

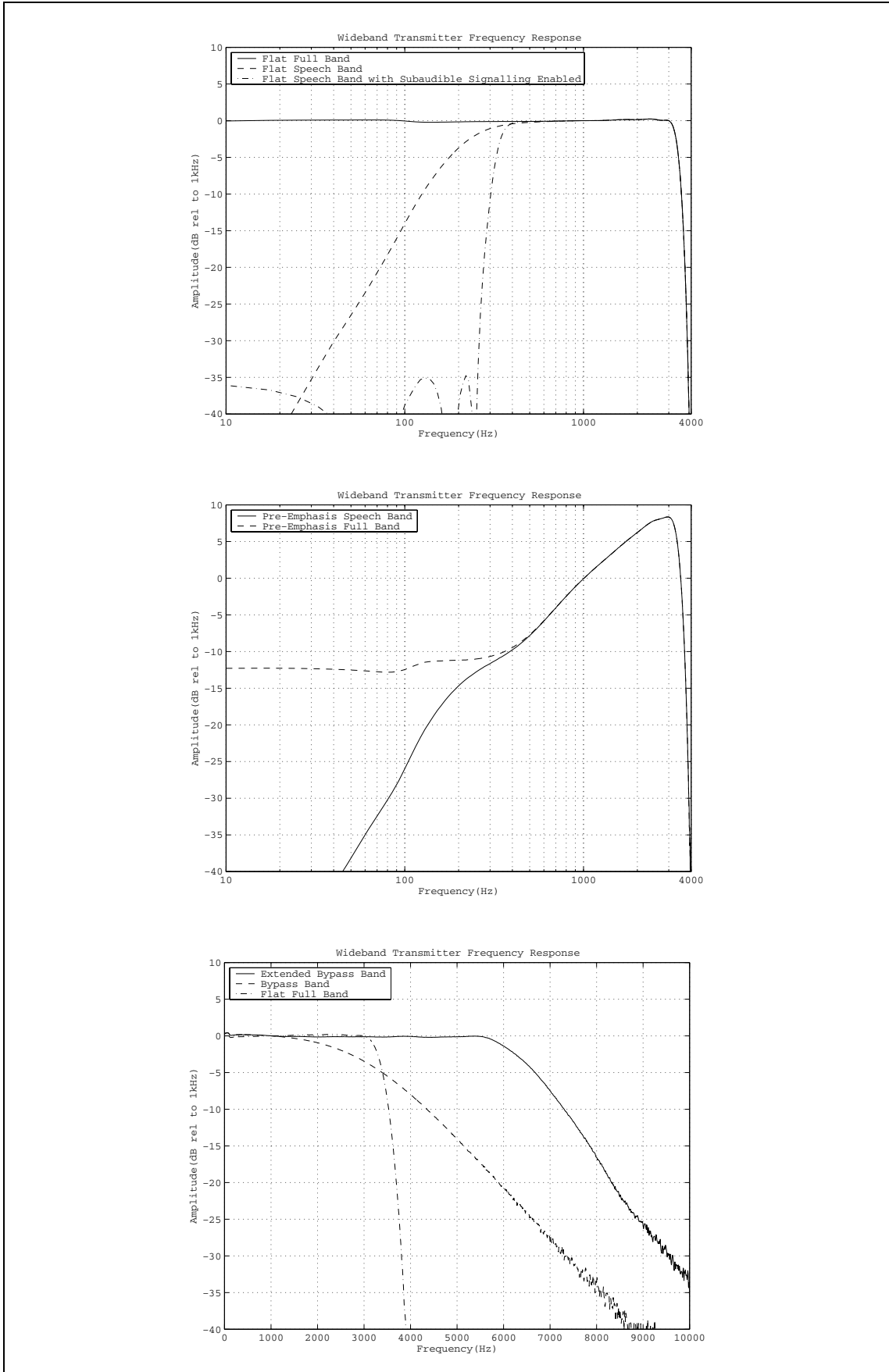
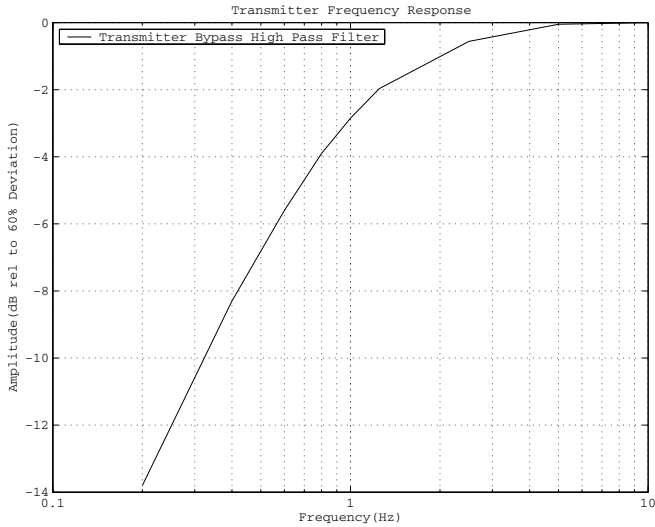
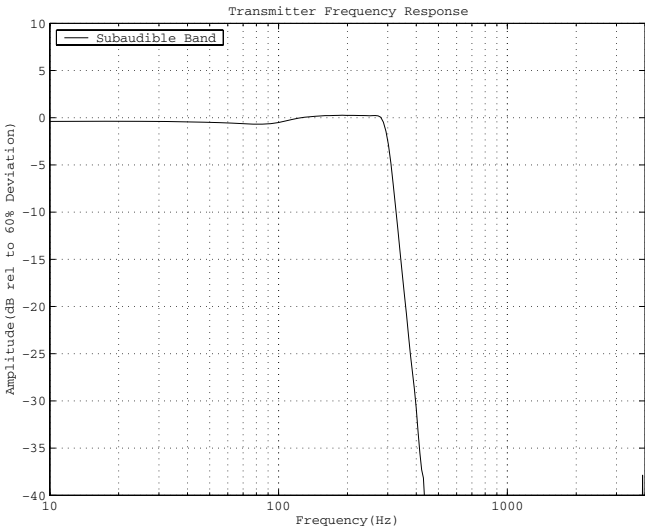


Figure A.3 Transmitter frequency response – high-pass filter, and subaudible band



With the high-pass filter disabled, the LF response extends to DC.



**Figure A.4 Receiver frequency response – narrow bandwidth**

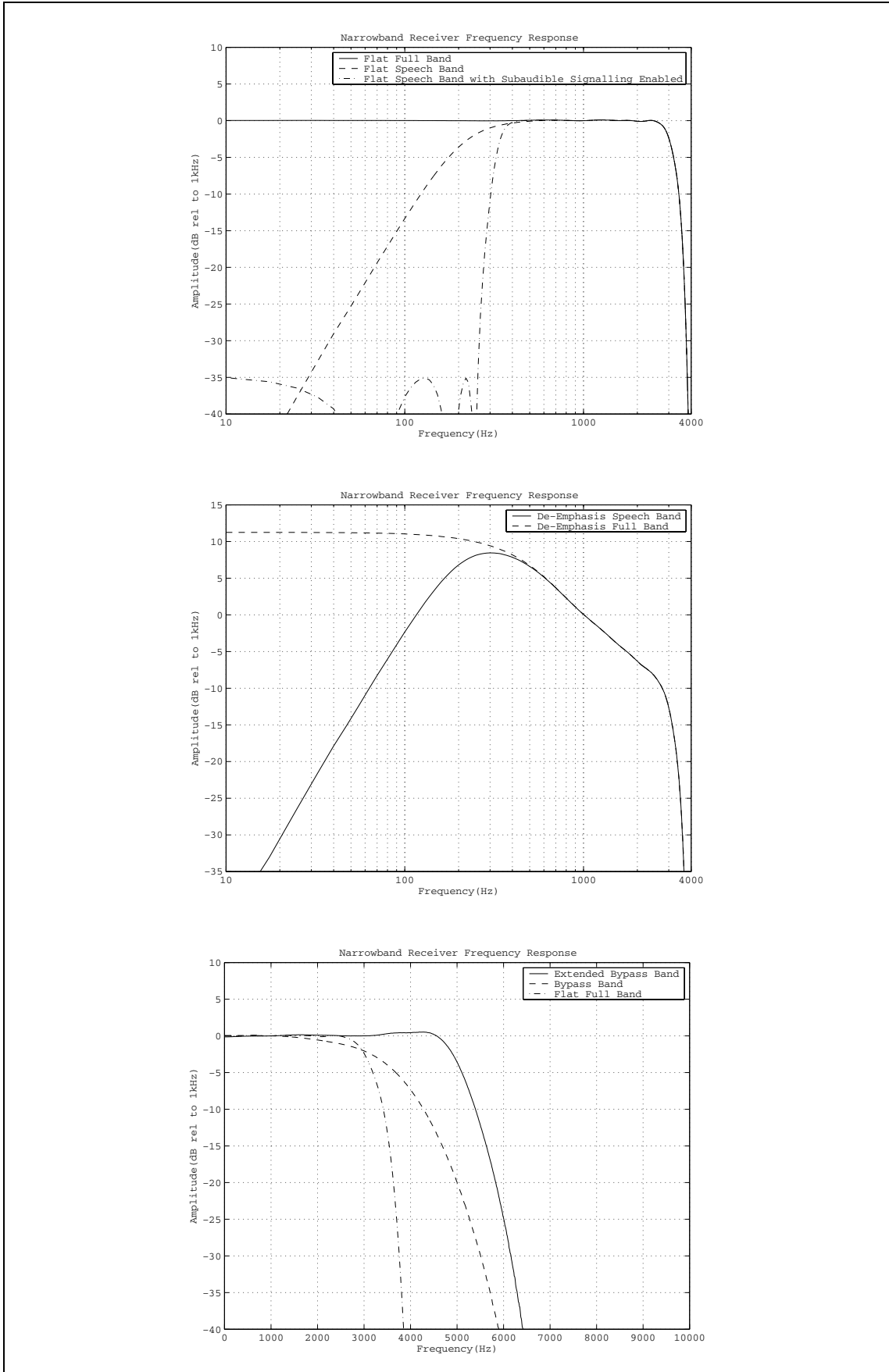
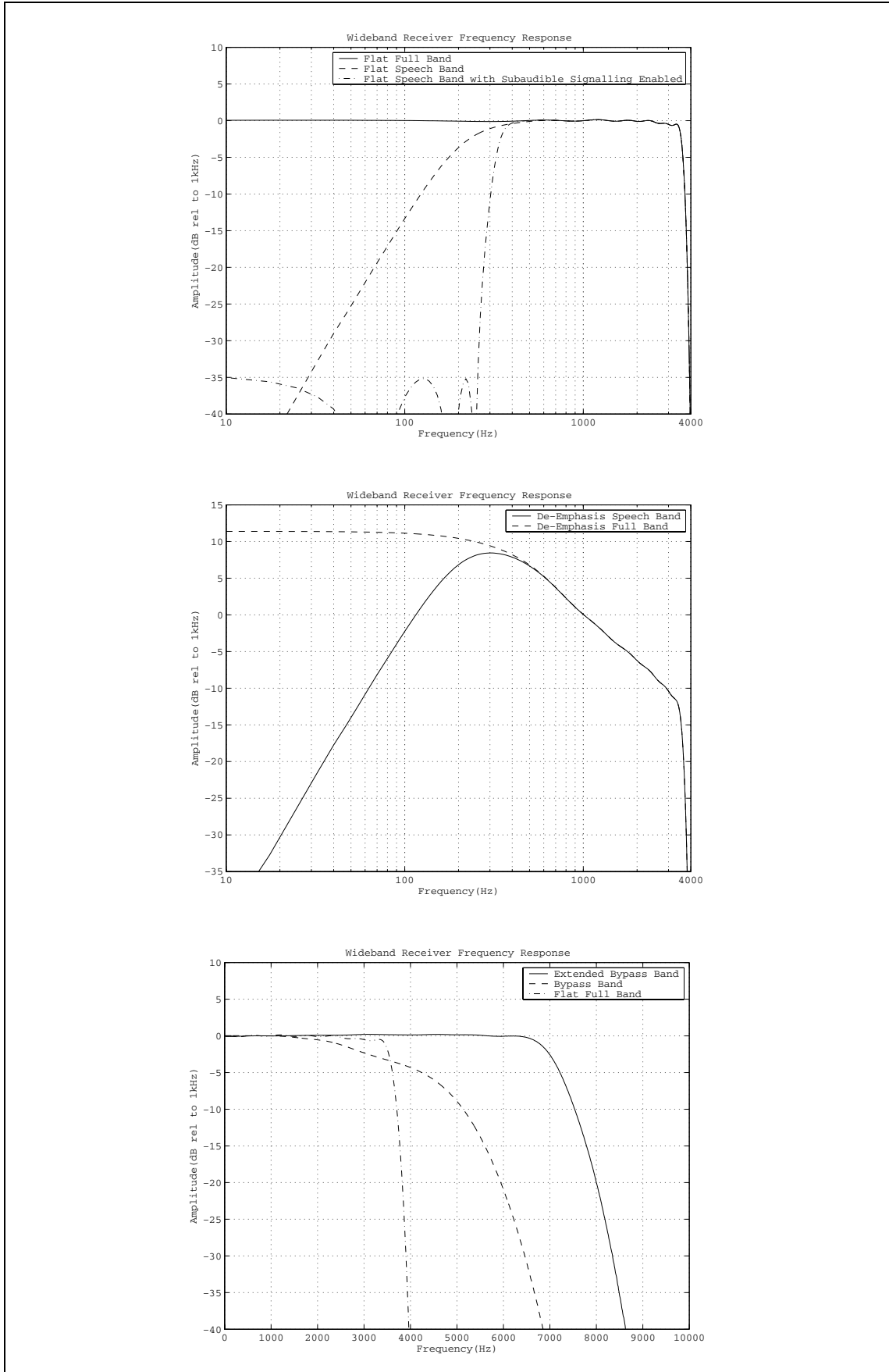


Figure A.5 Receiver frequency response - wide bandwidth



**Figure A.6 Receiver frequency response – subaudible band**

